

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE 59TH MEDICAL WING (AETC) JOINT BASE SAN ANTONIO - LACKLAND TEXAS

9 MAY 2016

MEMORANDUM FOR SGOBV

ATTN: MAJ CHRISTOPHER MONNIKENDAM

FROM: 59 MDW/SGVU

SUBJECT: Professional Presentation Approval

- Your paper, entitled <u>Early Hypernatremia is Associated with Increased Mortality in Extremely Low Birth Weight (ELBW) Infants presented at/published to <u>Pediatric Academic Societies Meeting</u>, <u>Baltimore</u>, <u>MD 30 APR 2016 3 MAY 2016</u> with MDWI 41-108, and has been assigned local file #16189.
  </u>
- 2. Pertinent biographic information (name of author(s), title, etc.) has been entered into our computer file. Please advise us (by phone or mail) that your presentation was given. At that time, we will need the date (month, day and year) along with the location of your presentation. It is important to update this information so that we can provide quality support for you, your department, and the Medical Center commander. This information is used to document the scholarly activities of our professional staff and students, which is an essential component of Wilford Hall Ambulatory Surgical Center (WHASC) internship and residency programs.
- 3. Please know that if you are a Graduate Health Sciences Education student and your department has told you they cannot fund your publication, the 59th Clinical Research Division may pay for your basic journal publishing charges (to include costs for tables and black and white photos). We cannot pay for reprints. If you are 59 MDW staff member, we can forward your request for funds to the designated wing POC.
- 4. Congratulations, and thank you for your efforts and time. Your contributions are vital to the medical mission. We look forward to assisting you in your future publication/presentation efforts.

LINDA STEEL-GOODWIN, Col, USAF, BSC

rinda Steel-Goodwin

Director, Clinical Investigations & Research Support

#### PROCESSING OF PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL RESEARCH/TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS/PRESENTATIONS

#### INSTRUCTIONS USE ONLY THE MOST CURRENT 59 MDW FORM 3039 LOCATED ON AF E-PUBLISHING

- 1. The author must complete page two of this form:
  - a. In Section 2, add the funding source for your study [ e.g., 59 MDW CRD Graduate Health Sciences Education (GHSE) (SG5 O&M), SG5 R&D;
     Tri-Service Nursing Research Program (TSNRP); Defense Medical Research & Development Program (DMRDP); NIH; Congressionally Directed
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  - b. In Section 2, there may be funding available for journal costs, if your department is not paying for figures, tables or photographs for your publication. Please state "YES" or "NO" in Section 2 of the form, if you need publication funding support.
- 2. Print your name, rank/grade, sign and date the form in the author's signature block or use an electronic signature.
- Attach a copy of the 59 MDW IRB or IACUC approval letter for the research related study. If this is a technical publication/presentation, state the type (e.g. case report, QA/QI study, program evaluation study, informational report/briefing, etc.) in the "Protocol Title" box.
- 4. Attach a copy of your abstract, paper, poster and other supporting documentation.
- Save and forward, via email, the processing form and all supporting documentation to your unit commander, program director or immediate supervisor for review/approval.
- On page 2, have either your unit commander, program director or immediate supervisor:a. Print their name, rank/grade, title; sign and date the form in the approving authority's signature block or use an electronic signature.
- 7. Submit your completed form and all supporting documentation to the CRD for processing (59crdpubspres@us.af.mil). If you have any questions or concerns, please contact the 59 CRD/ Publications and Presentations Section at 292-7141 for assistance.
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- Once your manuscript, poster or presentation has been approved for a one-time public release, you may proceed with your publication or presentation submission activities, as stated on this form. Note: For each new release of medical research or technical information as a publication/presentation, a new 59 MDW Form 3039 must be submitted for review and approval.
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- NOTE: All abstracts, papers, posters, etc., should contain the following disclaimer statement:
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Early hypernatremia is associated with incr		tremely	Low Birth Weight	(ELBW) infants	i	
6. TITLE OF MATERIAL TO BE PUBLISHED OF	R PRESENTED:					
Early hypernatremia is associated with incr	eased mortality in Ext	tremely	Low Birth Weight	(ELBW) infants	3	
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The poster presentation is approved.			
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# Early Hypernatremia is Associated with Increased Mortality in Extremely Low Birth Weight (ELBW) Infants

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#### ckground:

Serum Sodium vs Outcomes All Gertational Ages

ELBW infants are at high risk for increased and variable internsible full forses are an associated co-motivatives. Early full internsible full forses are and associated co-motivatives. For yell restriction in older preferm infants is associated with decreased mendality and co-motivatives. Any opportunition is aftern mendality and co-motivatives with this strategy. Although this fluid restriction strategy is othern used in the ELBW population, the association between energy return sodoim levels and ELBW meanatic outcomes has not been well evoluted. Our objective is to investigate the relationship between mean securin sodium in the fast 5 days of life and complications of securing and unity in ELBW intants.

#### Objective:

To investigate the relationship between mean serum sodium in first 5 days of life and cammon complications of prematurity in ELBW infants from 2004–2014.

#### sign/Methods

Ultilang a retrospective cohort design we identified a subset of NICL Inform less than 100g beth weight and between 23 and 29 weeks gastalonal age. Both were extracted from the Pediatric Clinical Dota Warehouse, a developmited national addrasset. Clinical Dota Warehouse, a developmited national addrasset that includes infants cared for all Pediatrix managed NICLB, Across all eligible facilities we identified 26.871 infants who met stated criteria. From this, posterity were excluded for incomplete serum sodium decumentation. 12.437 infants remained and these data were subjected to further analyses. Mean serum sodium levels over additional meets with mean normal mean serum sodium levels (135-144 mEdAL) were determined. Infants with mean normal mean serum sodium levels (135-144 mEdAL), were determined. It were districtly compared to infants with serum codium levels above and below the normal range. The comparison groups used were as follows: <125 mEdAL. 125-125 mEdAL. 125-125 mEdAL. 125-124 mEdAL. 135-136 mEdAL. 135-136 mEdAL. 135-136 medacial surgical NAC. PDA figition. PDA diagnosis and email insufficiency were performed. Subgroup analyses comparing serum sodium range group and a middly hypernathermic group were as performed. Substitical analyses was performed ultiling. Subdects 114st. Chi square with continuity correction. Wilcoxon Rank-Sum fest.

#### sanits:

hypernatremic group showed a significant increase in mortaity compared to all other groups except the lawest serum sodium hypernatremia group and mild hyponatremia was associated diagnosis. There was no association with improved secondan normal serum sodium group had significantly lower mortality with significantly increased incidences of IVH, NEC, and PDA idary autcomes were significantly higher in the mildly bulcames in any group as compared to the normal serum younger and smaller, have lower Apgar scores, and have received an incomplete course of antenatal steroids. The within the 24 week (30.8% vs 24.8%, p<0.003) and 25 week comparing the normal serum sodium group to the mildly 16.8% vs 14%, p<0.001| mildly hypernatremic subgroups. ntants with mild to severe hypernatramia lended to be group (<125mEq/dL) which only included 3 infants. All sodium group. Subgroup analysis by gestalional age

		Serum	Serum Sodium (mEq/d1.)	(IP/	
The state of the s	<125	125-134	135-144	145-154	2155
Mortality	33.3	• 203	12.9	• 21.6	** 80.4
IVH Grade 3-4	33.3	• 20.3	10.6	** 18.4	- 51.7
Stage 4 and Sureical ROP	0	5.7	12.5	• 14.9	- 7.1
BPD	0	38.2	38.9	** 43.5	28.8
Medical/ Surgical NEC	0	• 15.3	14.2	* 16.5	.133
PDA Ligation	0	15.9	15.8	** 18.3	183
PDA Diagnosis	299	• 76.4	70.8	76.3	73.3
Renal Insufficiency*	0	0.29	3.1	1.7	0.21
					500 > d .

 \*Creatisine >1.3 on day of life 3
 No significantly lower incidence of any outcome when compared to the normal serum sodium group.

	Serum Sodium (mEg/dL)	m (mEg/dl.)	
The same of	135 - 144	145-155	p value
Total Subjects	1500	127	1
Mortality	* 372 (24.8%)	(30.8%)	• 0.003
IVH Grade 3-4	281 (18.7%) 151 (20.9%)	151 (20.9%)	0.240
Treated	216 (14.4%)	94 (13.0%)	0.422
BPD	692 (46.1%) 360 (49.9%)	360 (49.9%)	0.103
Medical/ Surgical NEC	176 (11.7%) 83 (11.5%)	83 (11.5%)	0.935
Treated	1266 (84.4%) 603 (83.6%)	603 (83.6%)	6890
	(%) u	9	* p < 0.05

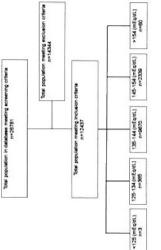
	p value	1	• <0.001	1180	0.476	0.902	0.518	. 0.021	* p < 0.05
m (mEg/dl.)	145-155	189	115 (16.8%)	132 (19.3%)	72 (10.5%)	309 (45.2%)	80 (11.7%)	517 (75.6%)	
Serum Sodium (mEq/dL)	135 - 144	2064	* 288 (14.0%) 115 (16.8%)	409 (19.8%)	196(9.5%)	940 (45.5%) 309 (45.2%)	221 (10.7%)	*1648	(%) u
		Total Subjects	Mortality	IVH Grade	Treated	BPD	Medical/ Surgical NEC	Treated	

Significantly lower mortality in the normal serum sodium group.

#### Demographics

		Serum	Serum Sodium (mEq/dL)	q/dI.)	
	425	125-134	135-144	145-154	2155
Sample Size	8	365	0.296	2339	8
Gestational Age (weeks)	27 (26-27)	26 (24-28)	26 (24-28)	. 25 (23-27)	25 (23-27) * 24 (23-25)
Birth Weight (grams)	736	773	477	• 704	• 595
Female Gender (%)	66.7	51.5	53	. 46.9	45
APGAR 1 Minute (median, 10- 90%)	6 (5-8)	6 (5-8)	7 (5-8)	*4(1-7)	•3(1-6)
APGAR 5 Minute (medan, 10- 90%)	7 (6-9)	7 (4-9)	7 (5-9)	.7 (3-9)	. 6 (2-8)
Antenatal Steroids (%)	8	• 76.4	Z	*80.7	. 683
		****	" ne om		

### Inclusion/Exclusion Algorithm



#### clusions:

In our sample population we found that average serum sodium levels within the first S days of life LEBW intents outside the normal range are associated with increased mortality. This association was still present in a subgroup analysis of 24 and 25 week gestotion infants. Further studies are warranted to evaluate the clinical relevance of this association.

#### Future Directions:

- Initial serum sodium level as prognostic indicator of ELBW mortality
  - Serum sodium levels and outcomes in relation to gestational age, birth weight, and weight trends over the first 5 days of litle
- Multivanate analysis is angoing to investigate the clinical relevance of these associations

## For additional information please contact: Christopher Momikendam, MD, FAAP Dept of Nocasalologi, San Antonio Military Medical Center, San Antonio San Antonio Establish Medical Center, San Antonio Establish Medical Center, San Antonio Establish Medical Center, San

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